

Birth and Death

- **Birth Date:** According to the sources, Nightingale was **90 years old** at the time of her death in 1910 1. (Information from outside the sources, which you may want to independently verify, indicates she was born on **May 12, 1820**).
- **Birth Place:** The provided sources do not specify her place of birth. (Information from outside the sources, which you may want to independently verify, indicates she was born in **Florence, Italy**, which is where her name originated).
- **Death:** Florence Nightingale died on **August 13, 1910**, at the age of 90 1.

The Crimean War

- **Number of Nurses:** The sources state that Nightingale received a request from Sidney Herbert, the Secretary of War, to **"lead a group of nurses"** to care for wounded British soldiers in Scutari, Turkey 2. The specific number of nurses is not mentioned in the sources. (Information from outside the sources, which you may want to independently verify, indicates that she led a team of **38 nurses**).
- **Legacy of the War:** While serving in the war, she faced dire environmental conditions, including poor sanitation and a lack of facilities 2. Her dedication to improving these conditions and her practice of providing emotional comfort during night rounds earned her the nickname **"The Lady of the Lamp"** 1, 2.

Early Life and Training

- **Divine Calling:** In 1837, Nightingale documented a divine calling in her diary to serve God, though she did not initially understand its specific nature 2.
- **Professional Training:** She completed her nursing training in **1851** at **Kaiserwerth, Germany**, at a Protestant community with a hospital 2.
- **Early Career:** Upon returning to England, she assessed and reformed hospital facilities, becoming the **superintendent of the Hospital for Invalid Gentlewomen** in London by 1853 2.

Post-War Contributions

- **Educational Foundation:** Following the war, Nightingale used the funds she received to establish nursing training schools at **St. Thomas's Hospital** and **King's College Hospital** in London 1.
- **Social Reform:** She dedicated her later life to societal issues, including **army sanitation reform**, healthcare for the poor, and social change 1. Her influential writings included *"Notes on Matters Affecting the Health, Efficiency, and Hospital Administration of the British Army"* 1.